



ALEXANDRIA, VA.
FRIDAY EVENING, OCT. 14

"An indissoluble union of indissoluble states was the omission from the constitution of the United States which caused the war of the 60's," was the declaration of Gen. Charles H. Grosvenor, of Ohio, Wednesday night, in his address, at Chattanooga, Tenn., before the Society of the Army of the Cumberland and survivors of Wilder's brigade. The general's version of the cause of the civil war followed an appeal to quit waving the "bloody shirt." He urged his hearers and all students of the civil war history not to stop at the surrender of Appomattox, but "follow up the deeds and the achievements of the southern man, as he built up a nation from desolation and ruin." Continuing his remarks concerning the cause of the civil war, he said:

Washington, politician that he was, realized what he was doing when he wrote to the governor of Massachusetts just before that state adopted the constitution and said that Patrick Henry was going up and down the state of Virginia preaching against the adoption of the constitution, that if Massachusetts did not adopt it before Virginia, it was lost, Massachusetts adopted it, Washington was a great politician. You, Confederate soldiers, did not believe that you were compelled to stay in the Union. Lee, Jackson, Calhoun and other great men of the south stood upon that question. They did not believe that they were to be right. They saw the constitution as it was, without a clause of indissoluble union of indissoluble states. Who is to call them criminals? Certainly not I."

Gen. Grosvenor in his declining days has seen a new light. When he was in Congress there was no more bitter enemy of the south, her men and her traditions than he. However, as long as the light holds out to burn, the vilest sinner may return.

JUDGE NEWCOMER, of Chicago, in an address to the Concordia League, of that city, on Wednesday night, said:

The most staggering fact that confronts the student of the criminal courts of Chicago is the fact that from 65 to 70 per cent. of the criminals going through the courts are mere boys, between the ages of 16 and 25 years, the surest evidence that this great city is not developing morally as rapidly as it is physically and mentally. One great reason that this is true is that the churches of Chicago are not doing the work they ought to do for the upbuilding of the city, and in looking out for the young boys and men. We must not expect that the fresh blood that comes pouring in from the country will keep Chicago's moral balances. The very first blood to contract the great immoral contagion in the wicked city is in the veins of the boy who comes from the country, and who does not know what confronts him in the great city.

The laying of the responsibility of this condition of affairs upon the church is unjust. Thousands of dollars are spent annually by all denominations in attempts to interest young people, and especially those entering cities from the rural district. Unfortunately, such are not looking for churches nor the institutions sustained by the churches. The different places of amusement are more generally their objective points.

Those town elections in Connecticut last week, from the reports going the rounds, have had a tendency to send cold shivers up and down the spines of the republican campaign managers. The fact that the democrats made significant gains even in municipal contests does not look favorable for the "grand old party" when the real tilt takes place at the regular election in November. Then members of Congress are to be elected and various other candidates of importance are to be voted for. If relative losses are sustained by the republicans next month, it is feared that they may lose from two of three of the congressional districts in Connecticut as they did in Maine last month.

In St. Louis on Tuesday night Mr. Roosevelt denounced the democratic party in New York as "an unholy alliance between Wall street and Tammany Hall," and attacked the democratic party in Missouri by calling it the "party that represents the special interests and special privileges." The alliance between the republican party and Wall street which bought Mr. Roosevelt's election was considered perfectly right by that worthy, but now in his eyes an alliance between Wall street and the democratic party would be all wrong. He justifies himself when he says the democratic party is "the party that represents special privileges."

In speaking of Yom Kippur, the most important of the Jewish holidays, which was celebrated yesterday the Philadelphia Exponent says:

It is a day for the searching of hearts, for the appraisal of our motives, for the consideration of the way in which we have fulfilled

our obligations to Almighty God and our neighbors. It is the day on which the selfish, the arrogant and the haughty are given an opportunity to recast their methods of life, to bring themselves into harmony with the commands that require justice, mercy, humility and righteousness to prevail in the affairs of men. It is a day on which violence, hatred and dishonesty and all other sins forbidden in the Decalogue by express injunction or necessary implication meet in the arena the only power that can conquer them—a sincere, absolute and perfect repentance.

Mr. Roosevelt in his Saratoga, N. Y., speech endorsed the Payne-Aldrich high tariff bill and in Indiana yesterday he made several speeches advocating the re-election of Senator Beveridge, an insurgent who opposes this iniquitous bill. Consistency thou art a jewel.

It is estimated that it will take \$50,000,000 more to complete the Panama canal. Another great slide has occurred on the Culebra cut. The Panama canal, if the expenses go on as at present, will bankrupt this country.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Correspondence of Alexandria Gazette

That Rev. Norman Plann, president of the Redeemable Investment Co., whose offices in Boston were raided by federal officials on charge of using the mails to defraud, is the friend of many men high in official life in this city and is a personal acquaintance of Secretary of the Interior Ballinger was learned here today. Whether the endorsement carried by Plann and alleged to have been given him by Secretary Ballinger is genuine could not be definitely ascertained as it was stated that it was probable that Plann could have secured Ballinger's individual endorsement. Ballinger himself is not expected in Washington until tonight. Senator Curtis, of Kansas, whose endorsement Plann was also reported to have held, is at present in Kansas.

In sharp contrast with the careful flights two years ago, when the Wrights first demonstrated that aeroplanes would ascend, the daring, fearless feats of Grahame-White, the English aviator, today showed the marvelously rapid advance that has been made in aviation. The Washington public had seen no aeroplanes fly since the Wright brothers demonstrated the crowd, assuming that it had seen all there was to see, went rather superciliously to the aero meet. But when Grahame-White shot into the air in his monoplane and began describing circles and darting around like a chimney-swallow, the Washington crowd couldn't believe its eyes. The Englishman looked the excitement he caused and, swooping gracefully to earth, he jumped from his seat, ran across the field, sprang into the seat of a waiting bi-plane and was up again in a couple of minutes. It was in the safer bi-plane that he did his real rough-riding, frightening horses and humans alike. He took special pleasure in darting at an auto party, descending swiftly toward it until within fifty feet of the car and then shooting back into the air.

When Washington recalled the cautious flying of the Wrights at Fort Myer, the first real flying ever done in public, and compared it with the seemingly reckless air-riding of Grahame-White, it stood aghast. "We've read about this rough-riding but we didn't believe it," said the seated Washington crowd, out of breath from cheering. The government stopped work today shortly after noon. Collectors in order that all employees might witness a daring flight made by Claude Grahame-White over the national capital. He soared around the Capitol dome and directed his course toward the Washington monument. He started the flight without previous announcement, sailing away from Benning, where only a few persons watched him ascend. Grahame-White made the flight in his Farman bi-plane. He followed the mail west from the Capitol, reaching a height of about one thousand feet and sailing directly over the monument. He then described a great circle over the business center of the city and could have dropped bombs upon the treasury, the White House and the state, war and navy building. In accordance with word sent to the War Department, he made a landing in Executive avenue, lying directly between the White House and the state, war and navy building. It was estimated that he was about eight hundred feet high, when he circled back over the Potomac, set the machine in a direct line for the narrow street.

Narrowly escaping death, Grahame-White broke the left wing of his bi-plane in an effort to descend from his first exhibition flight at Benning race course this afternoon. Before he had completed a circuit of the track, he suddenly began to descend from a height of 300 feet and the machine seemed to be under control until within fifty feet of the ground, when it keeled over. The left wing struck the ground with a crash. The wing was entirely wrecked. Grahame-White was jarred with the sudden drop, but escaped uninjured.

It is by no means considered certain that Secretary of State Knox will refuse to extradite Porto Rico to Italy for trial upon the charge of murdering his wife. The State Department is silent on the case and it was declared this afternoon that no statement of any kind would be given out until Knox reaches a decision. It was said unofficially that there was no justification for the report that Knox will follow the example of Italy and refuse to surrender the prisoner. It was pointed out that the United States has constantly contended that Italy was wrong in refusing to surrender the prisoners. There is a question whether this government could follow a course, which it has condemned, merely because the other party in the case had done so.

An analysis of the financial affairs of the New York Central railroad was given by the President, W. C. Brown, before the Interstate Commerce Commission today, at the hearing on increased rates.

The New York State republican platform is compared to the hobble skirt in the leading editorial of La Follette's Magazine in Madison, Wis., today.

Hurricane on English Coast.

London, Oct. 14.—The English and Irish coasts are lined today with wrecks and grave fears are felt that the hurricane, which is hourly increasing in violence, will claim the largest death toll of recent gales.

Many vessels have been reported to have perished. Already more than 150 persons are reported to have foundered or been driven ashore, while numerous fishing smacks are missing and believed to have sunk.

Corpses are being washed ashore at numerous places. Sixteen passengers and sailors are known to have perished in the foundering of the steamer Heathfield, which went down in the North Sea, while 20 are believed to have died on the steamer Cranford, missing off Hartlepool and believed to have sunk. Many small groups of three and four fishing boats are reported missing from points along the coast, and it is almost sure they have been lost, for even large steamers had great difficulty in remaining afloat in the high seas that are running.

Telegraph reports from along the coast indicate that more than a dozen big vessels are stranded along the coast, and that their crews have been compelled to take to the rigging, because of the seas that are washing over their decks. Grave fears are entertained for the safety of the imperiled mariners, as life savers have been unable to launch their boats.

The gale is increasing in fury and warnings have been sent to all ports that it is unsafe to venture out.

Former State Senator Indicted. Scranton, Pa., Oct. 14.—Declaring that he can prove that Frank J. Gardner, formerly a state senator of New York, spent half a million dollars trying to defeat the Hughes anti-trust bill, District Attorney Charles S. Whitman, of New York city, appeared before Judge E. C. Newcomb in court today arguing against the granting of a writ effecting Gardner's release from custody.

Gardner's bail was fixed at \$10,000 at the conclusion of the hearing. He is this afternoon conferring by long distance telephone with his friends in New York City in an effort to secure bail. He says he will be free from custody today.

New York, Oct. 14.—The grand jury this afternoon returned an indictment against former State Senator Frank J. Gardner, charged with having offered to pay \$25,000 to a State Senator Otto Foelker, \$25,000 if he would agree to vote against the Hughes anti-trust bill then pending before the state legislature. A certified copy of the indictment was ordered sent to Scranton by Judge Mulker. Gardner is under arrest in the Pennsylvania City.

The indictment followed the giving of testimony before the grand jury by Assistant District Attorney Elder, of Brooklyn, and Congressman Foelker. When he emerged was asked regarding a report that Gardner actually paid him \$10,000, on account, in connection with the alleged bribe offer. "I will say right here that no living man ever paid money for legislative work. I cannot make any statement at this time because the grand jury has sealed my lips."

Clergymen and Women Patrons.

Boston, Oct. 14.—Examination today of the books of the Redeemable Investment Company, raided yesterday by federal authorities, reveals the fact that clergymen and women were largely the patrons of the concern. More than \$1,000,000 is said to have been placed by them. The Rev. Norman Plann, president of the concern, was formerly president of Washington College, at Topeka, Kan., and also a leading official of the Congregational Home Missionary Society, and this is believed to account for the class of clients.

Charges of too hasty action on the part of the government in closing the concern and arresting its manager, Charles S. Brooks, were made today. "The fact that Brooks was held in only \$5,000 bail," stated James P. Feeny, counsel for the company, today, "indicates that the government was hasty in its action. There is nothing whatever wrong with the concern."

Roosevelt on His Tour.

Cleveland, Oct. 14.—Bound for New York, and a day of speedy campaigning, Theodore Roosevelt was up early this morning as his special train pulled through Cleveland.

In the run across Ohio the engine broke down, and the train was forced to wait for another engine at Holmesville.

The colonel today expressed satisfaction over his campaign yesterday in Indiana for Senator Beveridge. He declared that the crowds were greater and more attentive and thoughtful than any he has ever encountered.

Speeches by Roosevelt are scheduled today at Dunkirk, Jamestown, Salamanca, Wellsville, Hornell, Corning and Elmira.

Got the Money.

Washington, Oct. 14.—"I pronounce you man and wife," said Chief Justice Bland, of the Municipal Court, this afternoon, "Thank you. Good bye," said the bride to the groom as she handed him \$200 in currency. "Thanks. Good bye and good luck," replied the bridegroom. This was the strange wedding scene that marked the successful culmination of the efforts of Eugene Adams, a German girl, to obtain a husband in time to inherit an estate in the fatherland. "She's a darned nice girl and I'm kind of sorry to see her go," said Harvey Oliver Brown, the bridegroom, as Mrs. Brown hurried out of the room.

Then he looked at the two hundred dollars and grinned. "That was the bargain and I'll stick to it," he said. "If she ever wants to come back all right. If not, I can't help it. I'll never bother her." As the crowd gathered around, he stuffed the money in his pocket and said: "Let's all go have a drink." The crowd of reporters and hangers-on followed, all singing: "My wife's gone to the country, hooray!" Mrs. Brown boarded an afternoon train for Philadelphia and will sail for France on the first boat.

The hobble skirt is under the ban in the Salt Lake Public Schools. Girls presuming to appear in such garb in classes will be sent home.

End of Strike in France.

Paris, Oct. 14.—After practically smashing France's great railroad strike with one blow of the mailed fist, Premier Briand today set in motion the wheels to arrange a peaceful settlement of the differences between the strikers and the railroad owners.

The strikers, awed by the many arrests, and apparently afraid to defy further the government's order summing them to military duty as reservists, are returning to their former positions by the wholesale, wearing arm bands to show that they have been requisitioned and are now serving as soldiers.

As a result, one-fifth of the trains of the Northern Railroad resumed operation today. One-fourth of the trains on the Western were put back, while all the other railroads are maintaining normal schedules without difficulty.

The strikers are still making desperate efforts to secure a walkout of all the unions in France in sympathy for the railroad men, but are succeeding only partially.

Under the French law all reservists failing to obey the order to rally to the colors may be classed as deserters, and Briand's announcement that he would invoke this law has frightened many of the strikers into submission.

There are under arrest throughout France several hundred labor leaders, who are to be tried on the charge of inciting strikes to insubordination by persuading the reservists not to obey orders, and with interfering with employees of the state railroads in the discharge of their duties. The penalties for both of these offenses are very severe.

The Episcopal Convention.

Cincinnati, O., Oct. 14.—The question of changing the name of the Protestant Episcopal Church was again debated in the House of Deputies of the Episcopal Convention today. That a deep purpose underlies the movement to change the name of the church was made apparent when the discussion was opened. The purpose is declared to be the placing of the church in a logical position to gather in new members in eastern and European countries and to establish a basis toward a future possible union with the Roman Catholic and Greek churches.

Dr. McIlvaine, of Pittsburgh spoke most forcibly against eliminating the name Protestant.

The Charleston Case.

Jersey City, N. J., Oct. 14.—Judge John A. Blair, of the Common Pleas Court today refused to act in the case of Porter Charlton, the confessed wife slayer. The judge held Charlton on the ground that he is a committing magistrate, but absolutely refused to try the case or pass upon Charlton's sanity or his extradition to Italy. This puts the Charlton case up to Secretary of State Knox to decide the question.

It is believed Secretary Knox will refuse to turn him over to the Italian government, as American murderers have found a safe refuge in Italy in the past. Should Knox decline to extradite Charlton the young man's counsel will ask for his immediate release.

Railroad Accidents.

Marion, Ind., Oct. 14.—A Pennsylvania Railway passenger train ran into an open switch early today and was derailed. The fireman of the train was killed and a number of passengers injured.

Fort Smith, Ark., Oct. 14.—Six persons are in a critical condition today and thirty-six others are suffering from injuries as a result of the derailment of the southbound "Canon Ball" express on the Frisco railroad from St. Louis official bridge near Tallahas, Okla., late yesterday. The wreck was caused by the jumping of a truck on the tender.

Ridgelyville, Ind., Oct. 14.—Four men were killed, four probably fatally and 14 seriously injured in a head-on collision between a through north-bound freight train and a work train on the Grand Rapids and Indiana Railroad five miles north of here early today.

Pickpockets.

Muskogee, Okla., Oct. 14.—Thirty pickpockets, at least that's what they professed to be, including their wounded leader, Frank Richter, left Muskogee today pronouncing the local police force to be about the "easiest ever."

Richter was shot Tuesday night by a police officer and was held for investigation when last night the band of "dips" appeared at police headquarters, admitted they were in the town for the purpose of working the Southern Oklahoma Fair, and succeeded in dickering with the police for the release of their leader, with the provision that all leave town immediately. They parted and incidentally valuables belonging to the county commissioner and several officials, who participated in the dickering, went along.

Killed by Escaping Gas.

New York, Oct. 14.—Escaping gas today killed Adolph Kuntz, 48, of Brooklyn; his son George, 23, and daughter Clara, 16. Mrs. Kuntz and a son Edward, 12, were still alive when rescuers broke into the family's third floor apartment and were taken to the hospital. The stop cock to the gas stove became disconnected and the entire building was soon filled with gas.

Roosevelt Excited.

Dunkirk, N. Y., Oct. 14.—Excoriating the democratic party in New York state as "the most shameful combination of crooked politics and crooked finance that our state has seen since Tweed was driven from power," Col. Roosevelt today opened his campaign for Henry L. Stimson, for governor. In a speech bristling with bitter invective and biting sarcasm, Col. Roosevelt, shaking his fist over a big crowd of workmen assembled in Washington Park here, denounced the Tammany control of the Rochester convention and outlined an alleged alliance between the forces of big business—Wall street and Tammany.

Georgetown Wheat Market.

Georgetown, D. C. Oct. 14.—Wheat 50 1/2

Ladies, you will always wear a smile if you wear the Red Cross Shoe. For sale only by J. A. Marshall & Bro., 422 King street.

THE EPISCOPALIANS.

So far as definite action on matters before the two houses were concerned, the Episcopal Convention in session in Cincinnati yesterday experienced the quietest day it has had thus far. The House of Bishops spent most of the day constructing the new canon relative to suffragan bishops. This canon will be adopted as soon as constructed. After that it is probable that several suffragan bishops will be selected before the convention adjourns.

The principal subject before the House of Deputies was the changing of the name of the church from the Protestant Episcopal Church of the United States of America to the Episcopal Church of the United States of America. No action was taken, and the discussion will be resumed.

A number of the delegates held that the word "protestant" should be dropped, as it has been dropped as far as popular usage is concerned.

The House of Deputies took action on the world's conference of churches of the Christian faith. It appointed a committee of seven clergymen and seven laymen to meet with a committee of seven bishops and bring a report at this session in regard to the advisability of holding a world's conference.

The committee appointed by the house of deputies consists of Rev. Mr. Manning, New York; Rev. Alexander Mann, Boston; Rev. Mr. Warner, Louisville; Rev. Mr. Solges, Indianapolis; Rev. Mr. Lathrop, California; Rev. Mr. Clark, Virginia, and Rev. Mr. Rogers, Fond du Lac, Wis., for the clerical division, and Messrs. Gardner, of Maine; Mansfield, of Connecticut; Bailey, of Chicago; Stetson, New York; English, of Pittsburgh, and Robinson, of Kentucky, for the laymen's division. The house of bishops has not yet appointed its committee.

The house of bishops decided that it would be inexpedient at this time to bring before the convention the question of changing the laws of the church in regard to marriage and divorce.

It was expected that the house of deputies would again take up action to the sick for healing purposes rather than for spiritual needs, but discussions on other subjects lasted so long that it did not reach a hearing. It is in line for discussion tomorrow.

"The menace of the idle poor, who must work, but wish to be idle, is no greater than the menace of the idle rich, who give themselves up to pleasure, with no thought of work."

This is one of the expressions in the report of the joint commission of the relations of capital and labor submitted to the convention by Rev. Edward L. Parsons, of Berkeley, Cal.

Specific recommendations in the report include the gradual reduction of the hours of labor to give that degree of leisure for all which is required for proper social life; one day of rest in every seven for all who labor, and a living wage as the minimum in all branches of industry.

"The church cannot ally itself with either capital or labor," said the report. "It must be the church of all men. But it must throw its influence on the side of human rights. There is no moral justification for working men 12 hours a day, seven days in the week, or at a wage necessitating the labor of women and children to maintain the family. The first care of Christianity must emphatically be men, not profits."

The commission recommends the appointment of a commission on social service, consisting of five bishops, five presbyters and five laymen, to study social and industrial conditions to co-ordinate efforts among church members for the improvement of the conditions of labor and to co-operate with other organizations for the establishment of cordial relations between capital and labor."

So many amendments were offered to the report of the committee appointed by the House of Deputies to draft a new collect for Good Friday, in which mention of "Jews, Turks and other heretics and infidels" was to be omitted, that the matter was referred back to the committee. It is the intention to replace the phrase with "those outside the true faith," or words of similar import.

Miss Knight, of Milwaukee, president of the Junior Auxiliary of that diocese, presided over the forenoon session of the Woman's Auxiliary to the board of Missions. The topic discussed was: "Missionary Information—How to Get It."

Bishop Gray, of Southern Florida; Bishop Brooks, of Oklahoma, and Bishop Robinson, of Nevada, spoke on the mission work in their respective districts.

Severe Cyclone in Cuba.

Havana, Oct. 14.—A severe cyclone is raging about Cuba, being particularly severe in Santa Clara, Matanzas, Havana and Pinar del Rio provinces. Shipping is being held in the port, captains being afraid to take their vessels out in the gale. No damage has yet been reported.

Havana, Oct. 14.—With a tropical storm at its height lashing the waters of Havana harbor and the adjacent ocean into mountainous waves, the wreckers at work on the sunken battleship Maine were in grave danger today. All of their beacons were washed away and finally the workers who had taken refuge on a big barge when the storm broke, were compelled to hoist signals of distress. Life savers managed to get to them in a power boat and they were taken off before the barge sank.

The storm has prevailed throughout the Caribbean for twenty four hours accompanied by torrential rains. Although the damage so far reported is slight, communication with the interior and the Isle of Pines is now cut off and there are fears that the damage there may be heavy before the storm subsides.

Figures have been completed in the office of the state auditor showing that the criminal expenses this last fiscal year have been reduced fifteen thousand dollars as compared with the previous year.

The body of Walter B. Coles, president of the Keffe-Coles Printing Company, Chicago, was found floating in the lake, north of the Chicago river today. Coles had been missing since Oct. 8. Members of his family are confident Coles was lured to the lake and murdered.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has become famous for its cures of coughs, colds, croup and influenza. Try it when in need. It contains no harmful substance and always gives prompt relief. Sold by W. F. Creighton and Richard Gibson.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

Former Governor Frank Brown, of Maryland was painfully injured late yesterday afternoon by being thrown from his favorite horse in Baltimore.

Nicholas Longworth has announced himself a candidate for the U. S. Senate from Ohio to succeed Senator Dick. Longworth is a son-in-law of ex-President Roosevelt.

The baseball season has closed Chicago, won the pennant in the National League and Philadelphia in the American. The world's championship games between the two clubs will begin Monday.

In the midst of a family gathering at her home, 128 E street southeast Washington, last night, Miss Josephine Hale, 57 years old, was almost instantly killed when a 38-calibre revolver was accidentally discharged in the hands of her brother, George R. Hale.

John G. Sims, former manager of the Washington branch of the Life Insurance Company of Virginia, who suddenly went insane and attempted suicide in a physician's office, in Washington, waived examination in Police court yesterday on a charge of embezzling \$882 from the company. He was held in \$3,000 bond for the action of the grand jury.

Shot in the head by a stray bullet from the rifle of an unknown hunter at Genoa, Wis., 40 miles south of La Crosse, Alfred Foster, engineer of the Oriental Limited, the finest passenger train on the Burlington-Great Northern system, fell over in his cab, but revived, grasped the throttle and brought his train to La Crosse yesterday. When he arrived he was covered with blood and very weak. He was immediately taken to the office of the medical examiner, who pronounced his injury serious.

Rev. E. H. Spencer, one of the leaders of the religious sect known as "Holy Rollers," and F. K. Key were arrested at Atlanta Wednesday night when officers entered the Key home and found Spencer and 12 other "Holy Rollers" dancing and chanting around the body of Emil Chapel, a 15-year-old boy whom they were attempting to convert. It is said that the boy had been in a hypnotic state for several hours. Charges of maintaining a public nuisance were lodged against the minister and Key.

Since early yesterday morning Havana has been within the influence of a cyclone which is approaching from the southwest, accompanied by a heavy rain. The wind increased greatly to a gale force at 9 o'clock. Damage had been reported in Cuba. The center of the cyclone passed over the Isle of Pines shortly after noon. Probably doing extensive damage. A severe tropical storm yesterday swept the provinces of Santa Clara, Matanzas, Havana and Pinar del Rio, Cuba, according to wireless advices received at Key West last night.

Maurice J. Claggett, of Linden, Md., the clerk in the office of the tax collector at Annapolis, who, the police say, attempted to hang himself to the door of his cell with his necktie while confined in the Seventh precinct police station, Washington, Wednesday night, was released yesterday morning on personal orders from District Attorney Clarence R. Wilson. Immediately after his release Claggett left the city. Neither the girl nor any member of her family evidenced a desire to prosecute Claggett, which was the chief reason for his release.

ART STORE RAIDED.

The entire Fifth avenue, New York, establishment of the five Duveen brothers, known the world over as dealers in rare art objects and antiques, was seized by federal officers late yesterday afternoon and Benjamin J. Duveen, the only member of the firm now in the city, was placed under arrest, charged with conspiracy to defraud the government out of customs dues.

Henry S. Wise, United States district attorney, in asking for extraordinarily heavy bail when the prisoner was arraigned, said \$1,000,000 and that all five brothers were implicated. Bail was fixed at \$50,000, which was promptly given and Duveen was released.

Special agents of the Department of Justice, armed with warrants, conducted the raid on the aristocratic establishment. After placing Benjamin J. Duveen under arrest a search for undervalued articles was begun and more than a vanload of "suspicious" goods was found.

The firm of Duveen Brothers is composed of Henry J. Joel J. Louis J. Benjamin J. and Joseph J. Duveen. They have establishments in New York, London and Paris.

Henry J. Duveen was arrested on the Cunard liner Lusitania when the vessel reached Quarantine late last night. He was taken off on a revenue cutter and hurried to the Federal Building for arraignment.

SYNOD OF VIRGINIA.

The Synod of Virginia, embracing the states of Virginia, West Virginia and Maryland, and the District of Columbia, convened in its one hundred and twenty-third annual session in the First Presbyterian Church of Charlottesville last night. The opening sermon was preached by request of the moderator, Dr. George L. Petrie, of Charlottesville, by Rev. W. F. Moore, D. D., president of Union Theological Seminary, whose subject was "Paul's charge to a Slack-headed Minister." It was a solemn warning against indifference and a ringing call to an earnest and diligent ministry, an exhortation to energetic and wholehearted work. The preacher said:

"The age in which we live sorely needs a courageous, nonconformity and energetic ministry to counteract its deadening materialism and self-sufficiency."

Rev. Dr. Russell Cecil, of the Second Church, Richmond, Va., was elected moderator. Rev. Charles D. Gillespie, of Moorefield, W. Va., and Rev. Hugh H. Hudson, of Gordonsville, Va., were elected temporary clerks.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has become famous for its cures of coughs, colds, croup and influenza. Try it when in need. It contains no harmful substance and always gives prompt relief. Sold by W. F. Creighton and Richard Gibson.

VIRGINIA NEWS.

Gold it is said has been found near Morrisville, Fauquier county.

E. E. Holland is picked to win in the new primary in the Second congressional district today.

A marriage license was issued in Washington yesterday to John O'Neill and Pearl V. Clark, both of Prince William county.

Charles V. Meredith, one of the leading members of the Richmond bar, was yesterday fined \$10 by Judge S. B. Witt, of the Hustings court, for contempt.

Rev. Arthur P. Gray, on account of ill health, has resigned the rectorship of Copel parish, Westmoreland county. The resignation went into effect October 1.

James W. Clark was on Wednesday night found guilty by a jury in the Henrico Circuit Court of the charge of betrayal, preferred by Miss Laura A. Lewis, and sentenced to two years in the penitentiary.

At the office of the State Corporation Commission the statement is made that the revenues for the state through the subjects of taxation committed to the commission will this year exceed one and a quarter million dollars, which is an increase of a quarter of a million.

Governor Mann and his staff will attend the meeting of the grand camp of Confederate veterans at Norfolk next Tuesday, October 18. On Wednesday, October 19, the governor and his staff will attend the exercises at Yorktown celebrating the surrender of that place by Lord Cornwallis. Governor Mann will make addresses on both occasions.

The one hundred and third annual convocation of the Grand Royal Arch Chapter of Virginia, one of the higher bodies of Masonry, will convene in Richmond on Tuesday, October 25, for a session of two days. On October 27 the Grand Commandery, Knights Templar of Virginia, will meet there for a two-days' session.

State Health Commissioner Williams has sent 652,000 units of diphtheria antitoxin to local health officers all over Virginia in a preconcerted effort to reduce to a minimum or eradicate diphtheria from the state. This supply will be supplemented at cost price if more is required. Ind